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1962/10/31

Copy No

October 31, 1962

TO:

The Secretary

The Under Secretary

G - The Deputy Under Secretary V

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SUBJECT:

Report Number Six of the Planning Subcommittee

The Planning Subcommittee reviewed the situation as of late Wednesday afternoom, October 31, 1962.

The situation was assessed as one in which the Soviets were seeking to retrieve diplomatically as much as they could from the debacl: re-raising, at levels short of formal diplomacy, the question of Turkish bases and Guantanamo; seeking to protect the Cuban revolution and maintaining some credibility for the value of Soviet support outside the Bloc; seeking, by propaganda, to make the most of Khrushchev's "statesmanship" and to reaffirm The Soviets evidently have Soviet strength and toughness. a problem with Castro; but it was judged likely that they would seek to salvage the Communist revolution in Cuba, with or without Castro; and that Mikoyan's mission was designed, by mains of stick and carrot, to achieve a researcilistics of their commitment to remove the missile bess with this longer run objective.

It was judged urgent that we resume a posture of pressure unless there was a radical break in the diplomatic situation, including reconnaissance and maintenance of the On a contingency basis preparations for putting blockade.

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increased pressure on Castro by extending the blockade to POL were judged urgent. Such measures might be introduced in the first instance by increments, through low-level, informal action.

- Might be executed with the knowledge and even connivance of the Soviet Union, if it found Castro too difficult to deal with; although we should refuse any substantial price of the Soviet collaboration in this exercise.
- Kuznetsov's invitation to Stevenson to widen soon that area of discussion, it was felt more important than ever that we separate all other matters from the three central issues; that is, the removal of offensive missiles, the lifting of the blockade, and a form of assurance that we would not invade, consistent with our CAS commitments and the President's September 13 press conference. As counterpoint to UM negotiations, the CAS should be active on several fronts, including the review of latest evidence on Cuban indirect aggression in Latin America. If discussions with Soviet officials were to go beyond Cuban problems, the first issue that ought to be raised is the question of the enforcement of the Laos agreement.
- 6. The eleven tasks listed under 3 a-j in Report Number Five were reviewed. All are in motion.
- Policy). It was noted that among the options open to the Seviet Balsa was a stepped up missile defense system, the possibilities for which should be included in that task, along with either measures for correcting what Moscow evidently regards as the dangerou: Soviet nuclear imbalance. In addition, the CIA representative undertook to generate a speculative paper which would attempt roughly to cost out alternative Soviet methods for correcting the nuclear imbalance. (Action: Mr. Whitman)

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